

CHIVKEEB/GENESIS

Zaajqha 11 – Chivkeeb Tshooj 13

Anplas Thiab Lauj Abram and Lot

Hmoob pheej hais tias, “Tu qaib ntsuag tau ncejpuab, tu tub ntsuag tau yeebncuab.” Nyob hauv Chivkeeb 12:4, peb pom tias thaum Anplas tawm hauv lub nroog Halas (tebchaws Xilias) mus rau tebchaws Kana-as mas nws koj nws tus xeebntxwv Lauj nrog nws uake. Nyob hauv Chaivkeeb 13:1, peb pom tias thaum Anplas mus rau nram tebchaws Iziv thiab thaum nws tawm nram Iziv rov los, Lauj tseem nrognram nws thiab. Nyob rau hauv Chivkeeb tshooj 13, peb yuav kawm txog ib qhov xwmtxheej uas los cuamtshuam nkawd ob txivtub txoj kev sib ncauw thiab yuav pom tias nkawd daws qhov teebmeem ntawd li cas. Yam uas nkawd ua yuav pab tau peb kev txiav txim siab tej thaum uas peb ntsib tej lub samthawj zoo li ntawd.

Nyeem kom tagrho Chivkeeb tshooj 13 uantej teb cov lus nug nram qab no.

The Hmong have a saying that if you raised up little chicks without the hen (the mother) you will get to eat their legs later, but if you raised up orphans, you only raise up enemies. In Genesis 12:4, we read that when Abram left Haran (in Syria), he took his nephew Lot with him. In Genesis 13:1, we read that when Abram went down to Egypt and when he came out from Egypt, Lot was still with him. He was raising an orphan. In chapter 13 of Genesis, we will study about a tension in their relationship and how they solved it. What they did could help us in our decision when facing similar situations.

Read the whole chapter of Genesis 13 before answering these questions.

1. Nyeem Chivkeeb 13:1-7. Anplas thiab Lauj nkawd yog neeg zoo li cas thiab muaj dabtsi tshwmsim uas yuav ua rau Anplas thiab Lauj nkawd muaj kev sib tusiab?

Read Genesis 13:1-7. What kinds of social status did Abram and Lot have and what had happened that could hurt their relationship?

2. Nyeem nqe 8-9. Anplas tawm tswvyim li cas nrog Lauj?

Read verses 8-9. What resolution did Abram propose to Lot?

3. Nyeem nqe 10-11. Lauj txiav txim siab li cas thiab yog ua cas nws ho txiav txim siab li ntawd?

Read verses 10-11. What did Lot choose and what was the reason?

4. Nyeem nqe 14-18. Vajtswv rovqab los nrog Anplas tham dua. Nws coglus tias Nws yuav muab lub tebchaws ntawd rau Anplas thiab Anplas cov xeebntxwv. Tabsis Vajtswv yuav muab dav thiab nqaim raws li ob qhov no:

a. Raws li Anplas _____ (nqe 15)

b. Raws li Anplas _____ (nqe 17)

Read verses 14-18. God said to Abram again that He would give the land to Abram and his descendants. But how big the land Abram will receive depends on two things:

a. *As large/wide as his* _____ *(verse 15)*

b. *As large/wide as his* _____ *(verse 17).*

5. Thaum muaj ib qhov kev tsis sib haumxeeb nruabnrab ntawd yus thiab ib tug neeg, koj yuav siv Anplas lub tswvyim li cas?

What can you learn from Abram when there is a dispute between you and someone else?

Thaum Paulus thiab Npananpas nkawd muaj kev tsis sib haumxeeb, nkawd tau sib faib, ib tug mus ua Vajtswv haujlwm dua ib qho lawm (Tes Haujlwm 15:36-41). Ntau xyoo uantej ntawd peb pom tias thaum Anplas thiab Lauj nkawd tsis sib haumxeeb vim tej tshiajtxhu thiab tej tubmab tubqhe, nkawd kuj sib faib ib yam nkaus. Ib tug mus sab hnuv tuaj, ib tug mus sab hnuv poob.

Tabsis qhov uas yuav kom nkawd sib faib ntawd yog Anplas lub tswvyim. Vim Anplas yog tus tawm lub tswvyim ntawd nws tsis ua tus xub xaiv uantej, tabsis nws tso rau Lauj xub xaiv uantej. Yog Anplas tseem xub xaiv uantej ces zoo li twb muaj kev tsis ncajnrees nyob hauv lawm. Yog yus ncaj tiag, cia luag xaiv qhov zoo uantej. Seem qhovtwg yus mam yuav qhov ntawd.

Txawm li ntawd los muaj ntau zaus yam yus xaiv tseem xaiv tau yuamkev thiab. Lauj xaiv mus nyob sab hnuv tuaj uas muaj nroog loj thiab muaj kev txhaum. Tej no kuj los tsuas Lauj thiab nws tsev neeg txoj kev xav thiab kev ua neej yav tomntej. Peb tseem yuav kawm txog tej ntawd ntxiv.